

**Question #1** Mu School Bowl  
2007 Mu Alpha Theta National Convention

Find the points on the graph of  $y = \frac{1}{x}$  where the graph is parallel to the line  $4x + 9y = 3$ . Then sum all the x-coordinates of these points together with all the y-coordinates of these points to get your answer.

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**Question #2** Mu School Bowl  
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A coin is dropped from a height of 750 feet. The height,  $s$  (in feet), at time,  $t$  (in seconds), is given by:

$$s = -16t^2 + 750.$$

Let  $A$  = the average velocity on the interval  $[1, 3]$ .

Let  $B$  = the instantaneous velocity when  $t = 3$ .

Find  $A + B$

**Question #2** Mu School Bowl  
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Find  $A + B$

**Question #3** Mu School Bowl  
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Part A: As a balloon in the shape of a sphere is being blown up, the volume is increasing at the rate of 4 cu. in./second. At what rate (in inches/sec) is the radius increasing when the radius is 1 inch?

Part B: The radius of a circle is increasing at the rate of 5 in/min. At what rate is the area increasing (in inches<sup>2</sup>/sec) when the radius is 10 inches?

Find the sum of the answers to parts A and B.

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Find the sum of the answers to parts A and B.

**Question #4** Mu School Bowl  
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Let A = the value of the area of the region bounded by  $x = y^2 - 2$  and the line  $y = x$ .

Let B = the value of the volume of the solid formed using the following information. The base of the solid is the circle  $x^2 + y^2 = 9$  and each cross-section of the solid perpendicular to the x-axis is a square.

Find A + B

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Find A + B

**Question #5** Mu School Bowl  
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Let  $f$  be a differentiable function such that  $f''$  is continuous and  $f$  and  $f'$  have the values shown in the table below and use the information in the table to answer the problems.

$x$	0	1	2	3	4	5
$f(x)$	1	17	3	8	9	11
$f'(x)$	25	21	19	15	13	-2

Let A = the approximate value of  $f''(x)$  at  $x = 2$ . (using  $x = 1$  and  $x = 3$ ).

Let B = the value of  $\int_0^2 xf'(x^2)dx$

Let C = the value of  $\int_1^3 xf''(x)dx$

Find A + B + C

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Find A + B + C

**Question #6** Mu School Bowl  
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A particle moves in the xy-plane so that the position of the particle at any time  $t$  is given by  $x(t) = 2e^{3t} + e^{-7t}$  and  $y(t) = 3e^{3t} - e^{-2t}$ .

Let A = the speed of the particle at time  $t = 0$ .

$$\text{Let B} = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{dy}{dx}.$$

Find A + B

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$$\text{Let B} = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \frac{dy}{dx}.$$

Find A + B

**Question #7** Mu School Bowl  
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Let  $f$  be a continuous function with the following properties. The domain of  $f$  is  $-10 \leq x \leq 10$ . The range of  $f$  is  $0 < f(x) < 1$ . Assuming the function behaves according to the values listed, use the table below to answer the following problems.

$x$	-10	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	10
$f'(x)$	.000045	.045	.105	.197	.25	.197	.105	.045	.000045

Let A = the sum of all the x-coordinates of all relative and absolute maximums of  $f$ .

Let B = the sum of all the x-coordinates of all relative and absolute minimums of  $f$ .

Let C = the sum of all x-coordinates of all points of inflection of  $f$  (to the nearest whole number).

Find A + B + C

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Let C = the sum of all x-coordinates of all points of inflection of  $f$  (to the nearest whole number).

Find A + B + C

**Question #8** Mu School Bowl  
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A cubic polynomial is defined by  $f(x) = 4x^3 + ax^2 + bx + k$ , where  $a, b$  &  $k$  are constants. The function has a local maximum at  $x = -1$  and the graph of the function has a point of inflection at  $x = -2$ . Also,

$$\int_0^1 f(x)dx = 32.$$

Find  $a + b + k$

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$$\int_0^1 f(x)dx = 32.$$

Find  $a + b + k$



**Question #9** Mu School Bowl  
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Let A = the area of the region in the 1<sup>st</sup> quadrant bounded by  $y = x^2 + 1$  and  $y = 5$ .

Let B = the area of the region between the graph of  $y = 3x^2 + 2x$  and the  $x$ -axis from  $x = 1$  to  $x = 3$ .

Let C = the area of the region between the graph of  $y = \sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$  and the  $x$ -axis from  $x = 0$  to  $x = 2\pi$ .

Find A + B + C

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Find A + B + C

**Question #10** Mu School Bowl  
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Let A = the value of  $\frac{d}{dx} \int_2^{e^x} \ln(t) dt$

Let B = the value of  $\frac{d}{dx} \int_e^{x^3} e^t dt$

Let C = the value of  $\frac{d}{dx} \int_x^3 e^{\sin t} dt$

Find A + B + C

**Question #10** Mu School Bowl  
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Let A = the value of  $\frac{d}{dx} \int_2^{e^x} \ln(t) dt$

Let B = the value of  $\frac{d}{dx} \int_e^{x^3} e^t dt$

Let C = the value of  $\frac{d}{dx} \int_x^3 e^{\sin t} dt$

Find A + B + C

**Question #11** Mu School Bowl  
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Let R be the region bounded by the graph of  $f(x) = x^2$  and  $g(x) = 4x - x^2$ .

Let A = the volume of the solid obtained by rotating R about the x-axis.

Let B = the volume of the solid obtained by rotating R about the line  $x = 3$ .

Find A + B

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Let A = the volume of the solid obtained by rotating R about the x-axis.

Let B = the volume of the solid obtained by rotating R about the line  $x = 3$ .

Find A + B

**Question #12** Mu School Bowl  
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Let A = the average value of  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$  on the interval [4, 9].

Let B = the average value of  $f(x) = x\sqrt{25-x^2}$  on the interval [0, 5].

Find A + B

**Question #12** Mu School Bowl  
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Let A = the average value of  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$  on the interval [4, 9].

Let B = the average value of  $f(x) = x\sqrt{25-x^2}$  on the interval [0, 5].

Find A + B

**Question #13** Mu School Bowl  
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Find the length of one arch of the cycloid  $\begin{cases} x = t - \sin t \\ y = 1 - \cos t \end{cases}$

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**Question #14** Mu School Bowl  
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Find the area (in terms of  $\pi$ ) enclosed by the polar graph  $r = \cos 2\theta$ .

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