

All uppercase letter variables are positive integers unless otherwise stated. All fractions containing uppercase letter variables are in lowest terms. NOTA means “None of the Above.”

~~~~~ Good luck, and have fun! ~~~~~

1. Let  $R$  be the region in the first quadrant bounded by  $y \leq 5 - x$  and  $y \leq 11 - 3x$ . If the area of  $R$  is equal to  $\frac{A}{B}$ , find  $A + B$ .  
A. 27      B. 29      C. 70      D. 73      E. NOTA
  
2. The vectors  $\vec{A} = \langle x, 3, -1 \rangle$ ,  $\vec{B} = \langle 4, y, 0 \rangle$ , and  $\vec{C} = \langle -2, 4, z \rangle$  are all pairwise perpendicular to each other. Find  $xyz$ .  
A. -60      B. -45      C. -30      D. -27      E. NOTA
  
3. Positive integers  $a$  and  $b$  are independently uniformly randomly selected on the interval  $[1,6]$ . Find the probability that the angles  $\frac{2022\pi}{a}$  and  $\frac{2022\pi}{b}$  are coterminal.  
A.  $\frac{1}{9}$       B.  $\frac{1}{6}$       C.  $\frac{5}{18}$       D.  $\frac{1}{3}$       E. NOTA
  
4. Simplify:  $\frac{2-7i}{3-4i} - \frac{5-6i}{4+3i}$ .  
A.  $\frac{-52-36i}{25}$       B.  $\frac{-60-20i}{25}$       C.  $\frac{38+16i}{25}$       D.  $\frac{32+26i}{25}$       E. NOTA
  
5. A circle of radius 2 is inscribed in a square, which is then inscribed in another circle. Find the area of the larger circle.  
A.  $6\pi$       B.  $8\pi$       C.  $9\pi$       D.  $12\pi$       E. NOTA
  
6. Find the number of asymptotes to the graph of the equation  $y = \frac{x^4 - 6x^3 + 9x^2 + 4x - 12}{x^3 + 6x^2 + 11x + 6}$ .  
A. 2      B. 3      C. 4      D. 5      E. NOTA

7. Which of the following statements regarding the vector cross product is always true?  
 $\vec{A}, \vec{B}, \vec{C}$  are arbitrary 3D vectors and  $\theta$  is the angle between  $\vec{A}$  and  $\vec{B}$ .
- A.  $\vec{A} \times \vec{B} = \vec{B} \times \vec{A}$       B.  $|\vec{A} \times \vec{A}| = 1$   
 C.  $|\vec{A} \times \vec{B}|^2 = |\vec{A}||\vec{B}| \sin \theta$       D.  $\vec{A} \times (\vec{B} + \vec{C}) = \vec{A} \times \vec{C} + \vec{A} \times \vec{B}$     E. NOTA
8. Find the sum of the solutions to  $4 \sin^4 \theta + \sin^3 \theta - 11 \sin^2 \theta + 6 \sin \theta = 0$  for  $\theta \in [0, 2\pi]$ .  
 A.  $\frac{5\pi}{2}$       B.  $3\pi$       C.  $\frac{7\pi}{2}$       D.  $5\pi$       E. NOTA
9. The cosine of which of the following complex numbers equals 3?  
 A.  $i \ln(1 + \sqrt{2})$       B.  $i \ln(2 + \sqrt{2})$       C.  $2i \ln(1 + \sqrt{2})$       D.  $2i \ln(2 + \sqrt{2})$     E. NOTA
10. Find the area of the ellipse  $x^2 - xy + y^2 - (x + y)\sqrt{2} = 10$ .  
 A.  $7\pi\sqrt{3}$       B.  $8\pi\sqrt{3}$       C.  $10\pi\sqrt{3}$       D.  $\frac{20\pi\sqrt{3}}{3}$       E. NOTA
11. Given the following system of equations, find the minimum value of  $a^2 + 2b^2 + 3c^2$ .
- $$\begin{aligned} a + b + c &= -1 \\ ab + bc + ca &= -32 \\ abc &= 60 \end{aligned}$$
- A. 84      B. 98      C. 130      D. 175      E. NOTA
12. Find the sum of the entries of  $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 2 & -1 & 1 \\ 3 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^{-1}$ .  
 A. 2      B. 3      C. 4      D. 5      E. NOTA

13. Which of the following functions are periodic? (The correct answer choice must include all periodic functions and no nonperiodic functions.)

I:  $f(x) = \tan\left(2x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) + 2 \tan\left(x - \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$

II:  $g(x) = \sin \pi x + \pi \sin x$

III:  $h(x) = \cos \sqrt{|x|}$

- A. I              B. I, II              C. III              D. I, II, III              E. NOTA

14. If  $f(A, B) = \frac{A+Bi}{A-Bi}$ , then  $f(4046, 2023) = \frac{P+Qi}{R}$ . Find  $P + Q + R$ .

- A. 8              B. 12              C. 18              D. 22              E. NOTA

15. Identify the following:  $3x^2 - 8y^2 + 10xy - 8x + 10y - 3 = 1$ .

- A. Cardioid      B. Ellipse      C. Hyperbola      D. Parabola      E. NOTA

16. Find the sum of all real values of  $x$  such that  $(x^2 - 2x - 4)^{x^2-5x+6} = 1$ .

- A. 5              B. 6              C. 8              D. 9              E. NOTA

17. Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ .  $S = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$  is a matrix such that  $D = S^{-1}AS$  is a diagonal matrix

$D = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ . Using this information, find the sum of the elements of  $A^{2023}$ .

- A.  $5^{2023} - 1$       B.  $5^{2023}$       C.  $2 \cdot 5^{2023} - 1$       D.  $2 \cdot 5^{2023}$       E. NOTA

18. Find the number of values of  $x$  such that  $\sin(2023x) = 0$  for  $x \in [0, 2023\pi]$ .

- A.  $2023^2$       B.  $2 \cdot 2023^2$       C.  $4 \cdot 2023^2$       D.  $8 \cdot 2023^2$       E. NOTA

19. If  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left[ \left( -\frac{3}{4} \right)^n e^{2\pi i n/3} \right] = \frac{A - Bi\sqrt{3}}{C}$ , find  $A + B + C$ .
- A. 25      B. 27      C. 29      D. 31      E. NOTA
20. Determine the value of  $t$  for which the parabola parametrically defined by  $x(t) = 1 \pm \sqrt{t+2}$  and  $y(t) = \frac{t}{2} - 3$  intersects its latus rectum.
- A. -1      B. 4      C. 14      D.  $\frac{73}{4}$       E. NOTA
21. If the sum of the reciprocals of the positive integer factors of 2023 is equal to  $\frac{R}{S}$ , find  $R + S$ .
- A. 4047      B. 4183      C. 4343      D. 4479      E. NOTA
22. Find the sum of the entries in the matrix equal to
- $$\begin{bmatrix} 8 & 1 & 4 & 5 & 0 \\ 7 & 7 & 3 & 2 & 4 \\ 4 & 1 & 4 & 0 & 3 \\ 1 & 3 & 7 & 7 & 6 \\ 0 & 8 & 2 & 6 & 7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 0 & 7 & 3 & 5 \\ 1 & 6 & 4 & 7 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 8 & 8 & 3 \\ 3 & 6 & 3 & 4 & 4 \\ 2 & 8 & 7 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$
- A. 1951      B. 1990      C. 2000      D. 2022      E. NOTA
23. Which of these is equal to  $\tan \left( \arcsin \frac{\sqrt{x^2-4}}{x} \right)$ , where defined?
- A.  $\frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x^2-4}}$       B.  $\frac{\sqrt{x^2-4}}{2}$       C.  $\frac{\sqrt{x^2-4}}{x}$       D.  $\frac{x\sqrt{x^2-4}}{2}$       E. NOTA
24. Find the smallest value of  $|k|$  such that  $|z - 1 + 2i| = k + |z + 2 - 2i|$  is not a hyperbola.
- A. 4      B.  $\sqrt{20}$       C. 5      D.  $\sqrt{32}$       E. NOTA

25. If the area of the ellipse given by the equation  $r = \frac{5}{4-\sin\theta}$  is equal to  $\pi\sqrt{\frac{A}{B}}$ , find  $(A + B) \bmod 7$ .
- A. 1      B. 2      C. 5      D. 6      E. NOTA
26. There is a unique triplet of positive integers  $\{A, H, S\}$  where  $A, H, S < 100$  such that  $A^5 + H^2 = S^3$ . Find  $A + H + S$ .
- A. 20      B. 23      C. 26      D. 29      E. NOTA
27. If  $AB = BA$  and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -3 \\ -3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$ , which of the following could be  $A$ ?
- A.  $\begin{bmatrix} 2022 & 2022 \\ 2022 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$       B.  $\begin{bmatrix} 2022 & 2023 \\ 2023 & 2024 \end{bmatrix}$   
C.  $\begin{bmatrix} 2023 & 2022 \\ 2022 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$       D.  $\begin{bmatrix} 2023 & 2024 \\ 2025 & 2026 \end{bmatrix}$       E. NOTA
28. Determine the range (in interval notation) of the function  $y = \sin x + \sin(\pi x)$ .
- A.  $(-2, 2)$       B.  $[-2, 2]$   
C.  $(-\sqrt{\pi^2 + 1}, \sqrt{\pi^2 + 1})$       D.  $[-\sqrt{\pi^2 + 1}, \sqrt{\pi^2 + 1}]$       E. NOTA
29. If  $z$  is a complex number satisfying  $z^2 + z + 1 = 0$ , find  $\sum_{n=1}^{2022} (z^{4n} + z^{-n})^2$ .
- A. 674      B. 1011      C. 2022      D. 4044      E. NOTA
30. Which of the following describes the graph of  $x^2 + y^2 = 2023$ ?
- A. Cardioid      B. Hyperbola      C. Ellipse      D. Parabola      E. NOTA