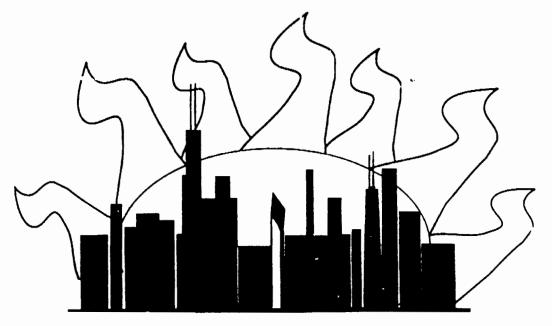
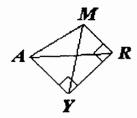
Mu Division

School Bowl



Mu Alpha Theta National Convention Chicago 1998

- 1. If the radius of the circle $x^2 + y^2 + 18x 12y + 17 = 0$ is r and p is the solution to $\log_2(3p) + \log_2(2p 1) = \log_2 9$, find p/r.
- 2. Find the sum $\sum_{b=4}^{8} (b^2 + 2b) + \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} 60(\frac{2}{5})^i$.
- 3. Suppose $\log_3 x = \log_y 4 = 2$, what is the area of a right triangle which has a hypotenuse of length x and one leg of length y?
- 4. In the following diagram, $AY \perp YR$, $AM \perp MR$, and AY = YR. If AR = 12 and the measure of $\angle MAR$ is 30°, find the length of MY. Give your answer correct to four significant digits.



- 5. Find the distance from the focus of the parabola whose equation is $x^2 = 8y 56$ to the center of the circle whose equation is $x^2 + y^2 + 6x 10y + 1 = 0$.
- 6. Let *n* be defined by $2^4 4^2 = n^8$. Let *r* be the remainder when $x^3 31x + 30$ is divided by x-1. What is the value of the product nr?
- 7. If f and g are defined by f(x) = 3x + 2 and $g(x) = 3x^2$, respectively, find $g\left(f^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)\right)$.
- 8. Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, ..., 5\}$. Find the sum of all the elements of all the proper subsets of A.
- 9. Let s be the sum of $\sum_{i=2}^{\infty} \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^i$. Let r be the remainder when $2x^3 3x^2 + x + 8$ is divided by x + 1. Find r + s. Give your answer as a reduced fraction.
- Find the area of the triangle whose vertices are (2, 1), (4, 5), and (-3, 2).