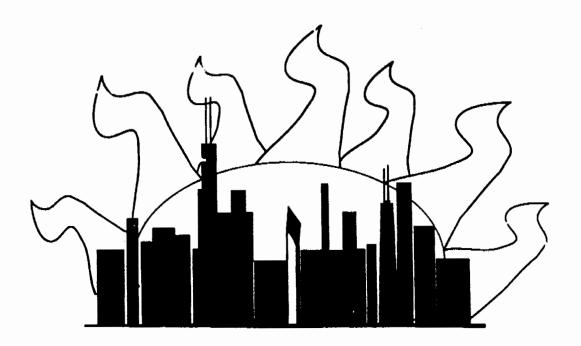
Alpha Division

Topic Test 1

Vectors



Mu Alpha Theta National Convention Chicago 1998

Topic Test - Vectors Alpha Level

General Instructions:

- 1. Unless otherwise stated all answers should be written as decimals.
- 2. If you are asked to give your answer as a fraction, please give your answer in $\frac{a}{b}$ form where a and b are relatively prime.
- 3. Boldface notation indicates vectors.

Questions

- 1. What is the product of the values of a such that A = ai 2j + k and B = 2ai + aj 4k are perpendicular?
- 2. Find the acute angle, in degrees, between the vectors $\mathbf{A} = 2\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} \mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{B} = 6\mathbf{i} 3\mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k}$. Give your answer to the nearest degree.
- 3. Simplify $2A + B + 3C \{A 2B 2(2A 3B C)\}$. Write your answer as the sum of the coefficients of A, B and C.
- 4. Evaluate $k \cdot (i+j)$.
- 5. Two vectors of magnitude 6 are orthogonal. What is the magnitude of the resultant sum of these two vectors?
- 6. Let $v_1 = \langle 3, 5 \rangle$, $v_2 = \langle 1, 7 \rangle$ and $v_3 = v_2 v_1$. Find the acute angle, in degrees, between v_3 and v_1 . Note: an alternate notation for v_1 is 3i + 5j and v_2 is i + 7j. Give answer rounded to four significant digits.
- 7. Evaluate $(2i-3j) \cdot [(i+j-k)\times(3i-k)]$.
- 8. An automobile travels 3 miles due north, then 5 miles northeast. What is the magnitude, in miles, of the resultant vector? Give your answer rounded to four significant digits.
- 9. Determine the value of a so that $\mathbf{A} = 2\mathbf{i} + a\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{B} = 4\mathbf{i} 2\mathbf{j} 2\mathbf{k}$ are perpendicular.
- 10. Find the largest of the three acute angles, to the nearest degree, which the line joining the points (1, -3, 2) and (3, -5, 1) makes with each of the coordinate axes.

Topic Test - Vectors Alpha Level

- 11. Find the area of a parallelogram having diagonals defined by A = 3i + j 2k and B = i 3j + 4k.
- 12. Two boats are at the same place at 5:00 a.m. on a certain day. Starting at 5:00 a.m., the first boat is sailed 7.23° to the west of north at a rate of 11.44 miles per hour. The second boat does not move until 7:00 a.m. on the same day at which time it is sailed at 12.38 miles per hour in a direction 10.25° to the east of north. What is the distance, in miles, between the boats at 11:30 a.m. on the same day?
- 13. Find the sum of all values of m such that the vector 4i + mj + k is perpendicular to the vector mi + (2m+1)j 3k. Give your answer as a simplified fraction in lowest terms.
- 14. The two planes 2x + 3y 4z = 12 and x y + z = -3 intersect in line L. The line whose equation is $\frac{x+2}{-2} = y 1 = \frac{z-4}{7}$ and line L intersect at point (a, b, c). Find a+b+c.
- 15. Two sides of a triangle are formed by the vectors $\mathbf{A} = 3\mathbf{i} + 6\mathbf{j} 2\mathbf{k}$ and $\mathbf{B} = 4\mathbf{i} \mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k}$. Determine the smallest angle to the nearest degree.
- 16. A plane contains the points (1, 2, -3), (0, 4, 6) and (2, 3, -4). Find a vector perpendicular to the plane in the form a i + b j + c k where a, b and c are relatively prime integers with a > 0. Give your answer as the value of a + b + c.
- 17. Find the shortest distance from (6, -4, 4) to the line joining (2, 1, 2) and (3, -1, 4).
- 18. Find the length of the projection of the vector 2i 3j + 6k on the vector i + 2j + 2k. Write your answer as a simplified fraction in lowest terms.
- 19. Two radio stations receive a distress message from an island. Station A is 120 miles due north of Station B. Station A receives the message at a bearing of S 50° E while Station B receives it at a bearing of N 47° E. How many minutes will a helicopter flying at 110 mph take to reach the island from Station A? Give your answer rounded to four significant digits. [Note: S 50° E means 50° east of due south.]
- 20. Find the volume of the parallelepiped whose ϵ ages are represented by the vectors:

$$\mathbf{A} = 2\mathbf{i} - 3\mathbf{j} + 4\mathbf{k}$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} - \mathbf{k}$$

$$\mathbf{C} = 3\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k}$$