1. Which of the following is a condensed form of the following logarithmic expression where x > 0, y > 0?

$$\frac{1}{4}\log x^2 - 2\log y + \log 4$$

e. None of the Above

- b. $\log \frac{4x^2}{y^2}$
- a. $\log \frac{4x}{y}$
 c. $\log \frac{4\sqrt{x}}{y^2}$
 b. $\log \frac{4x^2}{x^2}$
 d. $\log(\sqrt{x} y^2 + 4)$
- 2. Solve for x: $\frac{e^{x}}{e^{x}-1} = 5$
 - a. $\ln \frac{5}{4}$

c. $\ln \frac{1}{4}$

e. None of the Above

b. $\ln \frac{4}{5}$

- d. $\ln \frac{-1}{4}$
- 3. The temperature T of a loaf of bread t minutes after being removed from the oven can be modeled by the equation $T = T_R + 5e^{\ln\left(\frac{3}{8}t\right)}$, where T_R is the room temperature. Determine how many minutes it will take a loaf of bread to cool down to 90°F at a room temperature of 75°F.
 - a. 5 min

c. 10 min

e. None of the Above

b. 8min

- **d**. 16 min
- 4. A sum of money is invested in the Mullionaire's Club Bank at 10% compounded continuously. Determine after how many years there will be a 150% increase in the original investment.
 - a. $(0.1) \ln 1.5$ years
- c. ln15 years

e. None of the Above

- b. 10ln1.5 years
- **d**. 1.5 years
- 5. If x and y are both distinct positive integers, solve for the smallest possible value for

$$x + y$$
 given: $9^x = (x^y)(9^y)$

a. 0

c. 5

e. None of

b. 3

d. 7

the Above

6. Which of the following is an expanded form of the following logarithmic expression where x > 0, y > 0?

$$\log_b \sqrt[3]{4x^5y^7}$$

a.
$$\frac{1}{3}[\log_b 4 + 5\log_b x + 7\log_b y]$$

b.
$$-\frac{1}{3}[\log_b 4 + 5\log_b x + 7\log_b y]$$

c.
$$3[4\log_b + 5\log_b x + 7\log_b y]$$

d.
$$\frac{1}{3}[4\log_b + 5\log_b x + 7\log_b y]$$

- e. None of the Above
- 7. Determine the characteristic and mantissa: log = 2.6385.

a.
$$characteristic = 6385, mantissa = 2$$

b.
$$characteristic = -8, mantissa = -0.6385$$

c.
$$characteristic = 2, mantissa = 0.6385$$

d.
$$characteristic = 8, mantissa = 0.6385$$

- e. None of the Above
- 8. A culture of 5 bacteria has grown exponentially to 20 bacteria in 4 hours. Determine the number of bacteria after 24 hours for this culture.

- e. None of the Above
- 9. Which of the following exponential equations represents an exponential decay?

a.
$$y = 2e^{0.21t}$$

b.
$$y = 2e^{-0.21t}$$

c.
$$y = 5(2)^t$$

d.
$$y = 4 - 4(2)^{-t}$$

- e. None of the Above
- 10. Find the vertical asymptote of the logarithmic equation: $f(x) = -\log_3(x+2) 4$.

a.
$$x = -2$$

b.
$$x = 2$$

c.
$$x = -4$$

$$\mathbf{d.} \quad x = 0$$

- Ivana Calculate wants to invest her 2008 Tax Refund Check from the IRS. She worked really hard this year and is being reimbursed \$2,000 from the Federal Government. She is not sure how to maximize her earnings. Which of the following plans would earn her the most interest after 10 years?
 - **a.** Continuously,

r=5%

b. Quarterly, r = 5%

c. Biannually,

r=10%

- **d.** Monthly, r=10%
- 12. General Mutors Company has a new car coming out with the given expected depreciation function: G(t) is the car value in dollars at time t in years:

$$G(t) = \frac{300,000t^2(t^2 - 1)}{1 - 10,000t^2 + 1,000t^4}$$

Find $\lim G(t)$.

a. \$0 b. \$30

- c. \$300
- **d**. \$3000

e. None of the Above

e. None of the

Above

13. Simplify to one expression with positive exponents:
$$\left[\frac{8!(uv)^{-8}\frac{u^{-80}}{v^{2008}}}{-(4!)uv^{-20}(\ln e^{v^u})}\right]^{-2}$$

- **d.** $1680u^{89}v^{1996+u}$
- e. None of the Above
- 14. Simplify when $n \neq 1$: $\left(\frac{(n-1)^{-2}}{(n^2-1)^{-3}}\right)^{Arc\cos(1)}$

$$a. \quad \left(\frac{(n+1)^{3\pi}}{(n-1)^{2\pi}}\right)$$

- b. $\left(\frac{(n+1)^{3\pi-1}}{(n-1)^{2\pi-1}}\right)$
- c. $\frac{(n^2-1)^2(n+1)}{(n-1)}$
- d. $(n^2-1)(n+1)^2$
- e. None of the Above

$\frac{(\log 243)(\log 625)(\log 216)}{(\log 36)(\log 729)(\log 25)}$ 15. Simplify:

- a. $\frac{2}{5}$ b. $\frac{5}{2}$

- c. 3
- **d**. 100

e. None of the Above

16. Simplify:
$$3^{-x}(9^{2x^2}(27^{-7x}(243^{-\frac{2}{5}})))$$

a. 3^{-2008x}
b. 3

c. 5 d. $3^{4x^2-22x-2}$

e. None of the Above

17. Which of the numbers listed below is the largest?

b. 3¹⁰⁰⁴

c. $\frac{1}{8}^{-502}$ d. $\frac{1}{9}^{-251}$

e. None of the Above

- 18. Find x if $\ln e^{2\cos^2 x 1} = \cos x$, for $0 < x \le \pi$.

 - b. $\frac{\pi}{6}$

- c. $\frac{5\pi}{6}$
- d. $-\frac{\pi}{6}$

e. None of the Above

- 19. If $64^{-x} = 1024$, then find x.
 - a. $\frac{-5}{3}$
 - b. $\frac{-2}{3}$

- c. $\frac{3}{5}$ d. $\frac{-5}{6}$

e. None of the Above

20. Find the product of the solutions of the equation: $8^{4x^2+43x-62} = 64$

a. $\frac{-43}{4}$

b. 4

- c. -16

e. None of the Above

- **21.** $(1-i)^{24} = ?$

- c. $2^{12} + i$
- d. $2^{12}i$

e. None of the Above

- 22. Find the coefficient of the x^3y^5 term of $(2x y)^8$.
 - a. −8 b. 8

- d. 448

- e. None of the Above
- 23. Solve for x: $\log(\sin^2 x) + \log(\sec^2 x) \log(1 + \tan^2 x) = 0, 0 \le x \le 2\pi$.
 - **a.** $x = \frac{\pi}{2}$

 $\mathbf{C.} \quad x = \pm \frac{\pi}{2}$

e. None of the Above

b. $x = \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}$

- $d. \quad x = 0$
- 24. Choose an answer that is a simplified form of the following expression: $e^{\frac{\pi i}{4}}$.
 - a. $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}i$

c. $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}i$

e. None of the Above

b. $e^{\frac{-1}{4}}$

d. $e^{\frac{1}{4}}$

- 25. $(-\frac{i}{2})^{2008} =$

- c. $2i^{2008}$
- d. $\frac{1}{2}^{-2008}$

e. None of the Above

- 26. Solve the equation for x: $6^x(6^{2x}) = 54$
 - a. $\frac{3\log 54}{\log 6}$ b. $\frac{\log 54}{3\log 6}$

c. $\frac{1}{3}\log_{54}6$

e. None of the Above

- $d. -3 \frac{\log 54}{\log 6}$
- 27. Find the sum of the roots of: $x^{\frac{4}{3}} 91x^{\frac{2}{3}} + 1728 = 0$
 - **a.** $3\sqrt{3} + 512$

c. 7

e. None of the Above

b. $81\sqrt{3} + 512$

d. 25

28. Find the domain of: $y = \log(16x^3 - 8x^2 + 30x - 15)$

a.
$$\left(\frac{-15}{8}, \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

b.
$$\left[\frac{-15}{8}, \frac{1}{2}\right] \bigcup \left[\frac{15}{8}, \infty\right)$$

c.
$$\left(\frac{-15}{8},\infty\right)$$

d.
$$\left(\frac{1}{2},\infty\right)$$

- e. None of the Above

b.
$$486 + \frac{e^5}{5}$$

c.
$$324 - \frac{e^5}{5}$$

d.
$$e^2$$

30.
$$\left[\frac{(x^2 - y^2)^{-3}}{-(x+y)^{-4}}\right]^{\frac{-2}{3}} =$$

a.
$$\frac{(y-x)^2}{(x+y)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

a.
$$\frac{(y-x)^2}{(x+y)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

b. $\frac{-(x-y)^3}{(x+y)^2}$

c.
$$\frac{(x-y)^2}{(x+y)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

c.
$$\frac{(x-y)^2}{(x+y)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$$

d. $\frac{-(x-y)^2}{(y-x)^{\frac{2}{3}}}$